

Ornithology Answer Key 2020 Taylor Road Invitational

1.	Northern Bobwhite (<i>Colinus virginianus</i>) [2]
2.	They are game birds in much of the US [1]
3.	The males are more brightly colored than the females [1]
4.	B: 1 year [1]
5.	B: Herbivore [1]
6.	False [1]
7.	D: Nevada [1]
8.	Baltimore Oriole (<i>Icteridae</i>) [2]
9.	C: to Central America and northern South America [1]
10.	Anywhere from 10 to 12 years is acceptable [1]
11.	Monogamous [1]
12.	Dark colored fruits [1]
13.	The bird's colors resembled the crest of Lord Baltimore [1]
14.	California Condor (<i>Gymnogyps californianus</i>) [2]
15.	2 of the following: poaching, lead and DDT poisoning, power lines, egg collecting, habitat destruction, viral/prion diseases, agricultural and forestry effluents [2]
16.	Critically endangered [1]
17.	6 or 7 years of age [1]
18.	7 to 9 weeks [1]
19.	Scavenger [1]
20.	Painted Bunting (<i>Passerina ciris</i>) [2]

21.	West and East [2]
22.	D: Texas & Georgia [1]
23.	Seeds and insects [2]
24.	11 or 12 days [1]
25.	To reduce the amount of migratory birds killed by hunters and poachers [1]
26.	To prohibit trade in wildlife, fish, and plants that have been illegally taken, possessed, transported, or sold [1]
27.	Forked [1]
28.	Square [1]
29.	Notched [1]
30.	Rounded [1]
31.	Double [1]
32.	Fan [1]
33.	Wedge [1]
34.	Pointed [1]
35.	Pine Siskin (Fringillidae) [2]
36.	False [1]
37.	Female [1]
38.	Large but shallow open cup of twigs, grass, strips of bark, rootlets, lined with moss, animal hair, feathers [1]
39.	Anywhere from 13 to 17 days [1]

40.	D: Not a state bird [1]
41.	Northern Mockingbird (<i>Mimus polyglottos</i>) [2]
42.	5 states [1]
43.	This bird is capable of recording a large variety of songs and its scientific name, in english, roughly translates to “many-tongued mimic” [2]
44.	Altriciality is the state of a bird’s offspring soon after hatching, namely, its inability to move on their own. This bird’s offspring are altricial [2]
45.	True [1]
46.	False [1]
47.	Dark-eyed Junco (<i>Passerellidae</i>) [2]
48.	False [1]
49.	Slate-colored, White-winged, Oregon, Pink-sided, Gray-headed, Red-backed, Guadalupe. Pick 2 [2]
50.	Oregon Junco [1]
51.	A: Most of Canada and Alaska [1]
52.	Anywhere from 9 to 13 days [1]
53.	Belted Kingfisher (<i>Megaceryle alcyon</i>) [2]
54.	The female has a chesnut band across her breast unlike the male [1]
55.	Female [1]
56.	A bank near water, but may use a ditch, road cut, landfill, sand pit, or gravel pit far from water, avoid places with vegetation [2]
57.	False [1]
58.	This bird sits and waits before dives into the water headfirst to catch fish near the surface [1]

59.	Relating to or living or located on the bank of a natural watercourse or sometimes of a lake or a tidewater. This is the habitat that this bird prefers to be in. [2]
60.	Tufted Titmouse (<i>Baeolophus bicolor</i>) [2]
61.	Flock of usually insectivorous birds of different species that join each other and move together while foraging [1]
62.	Nuclear and attendant [2]
63.	Nuclear [1]
64.	False [1]
65.	North [1]
66.	White to creamy white, spotted with chestnut-red, brown, purple, or lilac [1]
67.	Turkey Vulture [1]
68.	California Condor [1]
69.	Common Nighthawk [1]
70.	Chuck Will's Widow [1]
71.	Chimney Swift [1]
72.	Ruby-Throated Hummingbird [1]
73.	Black-Crowned Night Heron (<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>) [2]
74.	C: Crepuscular and D: Nocturnal [1]
75.	A: Fresh Water, B: Salt Water, C: Brackish Water [1]
76.	Any type of woody vegetation is an acceptable answer [1]
77.	Australia and Antarctica [2]
78.	6 weeks [1]

79.	Both genders [1]
80.	Black-Billed Magpie (<i>Pica hudsonia</i>) [2]
81.	False [1]
82.	Magpies feel grief and even hold funeral-type gatherings for their fallen friends and lay grass "wreaths" beside their bodies [1]
83.	Mutualism [1]
84.	Birds get some sort of food from the bison's back and the bison get their backs cleaned by the birds [2]
85.	A: 1 brood [1]
86.	Black Skimmer (<i>Rynchops niger</i>) [2]
87.	A: Atlantic Coastline, B: Pacific Coastline, C: Gulf of Mexico Coastline [1]
88.	Involves literally "skimming" the surface of the water with their lower bill and grabbing their prey when they find it [1]
89.	True [1]
90.	April and May [1]
91.	Male [1]
92.	American Redstart (<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>) [2]
93.	Female [1]
94.	Bright red and black [1]
95.	9 days [1]
96.	It flashes its bright orange and black tail at prey to flush them out and eat them [1]
97.	B: Less than a year [1]