

Thermodynamics

SSSS 2018-2019

KEY

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Name: _____

Date: _____

Team: _____

Division: _____

1. C
2. A
3. C
4. B
5. B
6. D
7. C
8. B
9. A
10. A
11. A
12. A
13. E
14. D
15. E
16. C
17. C
18. D
19. E
20. D
21. A
22. D
23. D
24. C
25. D
26. C
27. D
28. C
29. B
30. B

Short Answer Questions.

1. $H = H_{\text{bond breakage}} + H_{\text{bond formation}}$

$$\begin{aligned}4(\text{C}-\text{H}) &= 4 \cdot 414 = 1656 & 4(\text{C}-\text{H}) &= 1656 \\1(\text{C}=\text{C}) &= 612 & 2(\text{C}-\text{Br}) &= 2 \cdot 276 = 552 \\1(\text{Br}-\text{Br}) &= 193 & 1(\text{C}-\text{C}) &= 347 \\H &= [+1656 + 612 + 193] - [1656 + 552 + 347] \\H &= +2461 - 2555 = -94 \text{ kJ}\end{aligned}$$

2. (a) $\Delta A = \gamma A_0 \Delta T$
 $0.020 \text{ cm}^2 = [34 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}^{-1}](9.980 \text{ cm}^2)(\Delta T)$
 $\Delta T = 59^\circ \text{C}$
 $T = T_0 + \Delta T = 20.0 + 59 = 79^\circ \text{C}$

(b) $A_c + \Delta A_c = A_s + \Delta A_s$

$$A_c + \gamma_c A_c \Delta T = A_s + \gamma_s A_s \Delta T$$

$$\gamma_c A_c \Delta T - \gamma_s A_s \Delta T = A_s - A_c$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{A_s - A_c}{\gamma_c A_c - \gamma_s A_s}$$

$$= \frac{10.000 \text{ cm}^2 - 9.980 \text{ cm}^2}{(34 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}^{-1})(9.980 \text{ cm}^2) - (22 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}^{-1})(10.000 \text{ cm}^2)} = \Delta T = 170^\circ \text{C}$$

3. (a) $P = \frac{kA(T_h - T_c)}{L}$

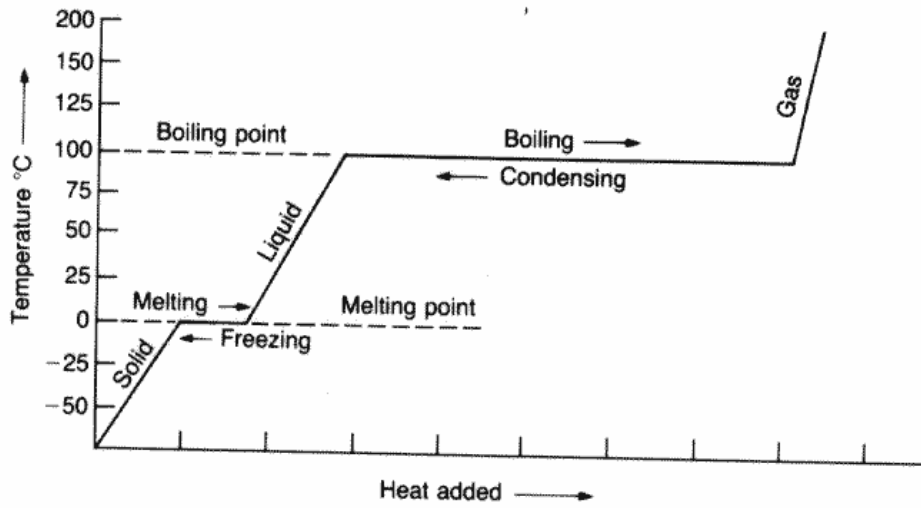
$$P = \frac{\left(\frac{0.21 \text{ J}}{\text{mK}}\right)(1.73 \text{ m}^2)(37.0^\circ \text{C} - 33.0^\circ \text{C})}{(2.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m})} = 73 \text{ W}$$

(b) $Q = P \Delta t = (73 \text{ W})(3,600 \text{ s}) = 2.6 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$

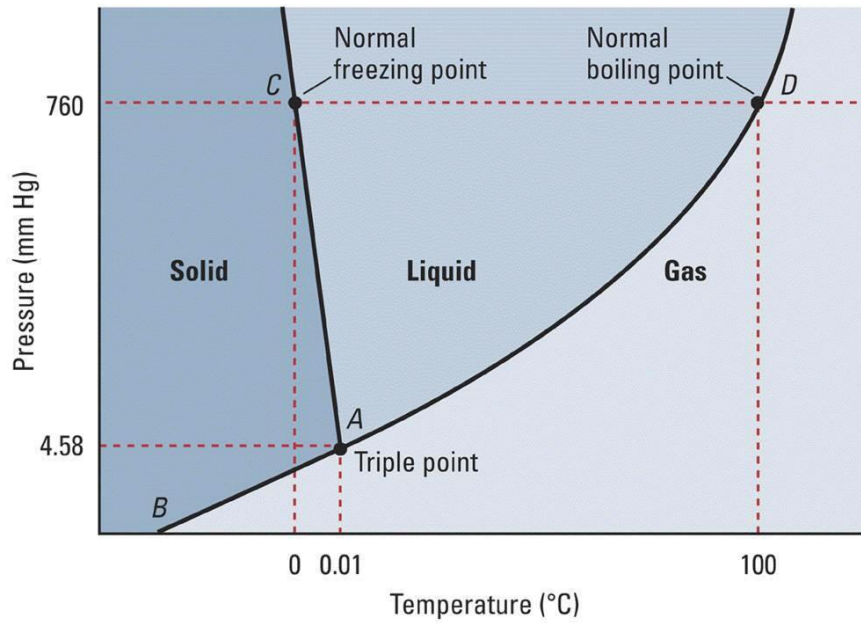
(c) $Q = mc \Delta T$

$$\Delta T = \frac{Q}{mc} = \frac{2.6 \times 10^5 \text{ J}}{(75 \text{ kg})\left(\frac{3,470 \text{ J}}{\text{kgK}}\right)} = 1.0^\circ \text{C}$$

4. (heating curve)



(phase diagram)



5

$$(a) A = 4\pi R^2 = 4\pi (6.02 \times 10^8 \text{ m})^2 = 4.55 \times 10^{18} \text{ m}^2$$

$$P = \sigma A e T^4 = (5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4) (4.55) (10^{18} \text{ m}^2)$$

$$= \cancel{2.90 \times 10^{26}}$$

$$= \boxed{2.90 \times 10^{26} \text{ W}}$$

$$(b) A_{pd} = \pi r^2 = \pi (6.64 \times 10^6 \text{ m})^2 = 1.39 \times 10^{17} \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_o = 4\pi r_o^2 = 4\pi (6.00 \times 10^9 \text{ m})^2 = 4.52 \times 10^{20} \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_I = \left(\frac{A_{pd}}{A_o} \right) P = \left(\frac{1.39 \times 10^{17} \text{ m}^2}{4.52 \times 10^{20} \text{ m}^2} \right) (2.90 \times 10^{26} \text{ W})$$

$$= \boxed{8.92 \times 10^{19} \text{ W}}$$

$$(c) P_I = \sigma A e T^4 = (5.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot \text{K}^4) (554 \times 10^{14} \text{ m}^2) (1.00) (T^4)$$

$$= (3.15 \times 10^7 \text{ W/K}^4) T^4 = 8.92 \times 10^{19} \text{ W}$$

$$\sqrt{T} = \boxed{1.30 \times 10^3 \text{ K}}$$

5.